## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

The following is a complete listing of the claims.

1. (Currently amended) An epidural catheter dispenser system for manually delivering a catheter into a patient's body, the system comprising:

at least one sidewall having a proximal end and a distal end, the distal end being connected to a distal end piece, thereby defining a single inner cavity;

wherein the distal end piece defines the upper border of the inner cavity; and

wherein the distal end piece includes a dispensing aperture such that a loaded catheter in the inner cavity can be extracted from the inner cavity through the dispensing aperture.

(Previously presented) The epidural catheter system of claim 1 wherein the sidewall's
proximal end is further connected to a proximal end piece, further defining the inner
cavity,

wherein the proximal end piece simultaneously defines a loading aperture such that a catheter may be loaded or adjusted into the inner cavity through the loading aperture.

## 3-4. (Cancelled)

5. (Previously presented) The system of claim 1 or 2 wherein the dispenser is made of a semi-rigid material.

- 6. (Cancelled)
- 7. (Previously presented) The system of claim 1 or 2 wherein the sidewall takes the shape of a cone.
- 8. (Previously presented) The system of claim 1 or 2 wherein the sidewall takes the shape of a cylinder.
- 9. (Previously presented) The system of claim 1 or 2 wherein the sidewall takes the shape of a polyhedron.
- 10. (Previously presented) The system of claim 1 or 2 wherein the inner cavity entirely confines the catheter except through the dispensing aperture.
- 11. (Previously presented) A method of preventing contamination of an epidural catheter by loading a catheter in an epidural catheter dispenser system, the system comprising:

at least one sidewall, the sidewall being conical, cylindrical or polyhedral and having a proximal end and a distal end, the distal end being connected to a distal end piece, thereby defining a single inner cavity;

wherein the distal end piece further defines a dispensing aperture such that a loaded catheter in the inner cavity can be extracted from the inner cavity through the dispensing aperture.

12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 11 wherein the proximal end of the epidural catheter dispenser system's sidewall is connected to a proximal end piece, thereby further defining the inner cavity,

wherein the proximal end piece <u>simultaneously</u> defines a loading aperture such that a catheter can be loaded or adjusted into the inner cavity through the loading aperture.

13-14. (Cancelled).

- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11 or 12 wherein the epidural catheter dispenser system is made of a semi-rigid material.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 11 or 12 wherein the loading of the catheter into the epidural dispenser system is performed manually.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 11 or 12 wherein the loading of the catheter into the epidural dispenser system is performed mechanically.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 11 or 12 wherein the loading of the catheter into the epidural dispenser system is performing through an automated process.

19-50. (Cancelled)

51. (Currently amended) An epidural catheter dispenser system capable of one-hand operation by a user, the system comprising:

at least one sidewall having a proximal end and a distal end;

a proximal end piece connected to the proximal end; and

a distal end piece connected to the distal end and defining the upper border of the inner cavity,

wherein the sidewall, the proximal end piece and the distal end piece define a single inner cavity, and

wherein the proximal end piece simultaneously further defines the inner cavity and defines a loading aperture such that a catheter can be loaded into or adjusted in the inner cavity through the loading aperture.

- 52. (Previously presented) The epidural catheter dispenser system of claim 51, wherein the distal end piece includes a dispensing aperture such that a catheter loaded in the inner cavity can be extracted from the inner cavity through the dispensing aperture.
- 53. (Cancelled)
- 54. (Currently amended) The system of claim 51, or 52, or 53, wherein the dispenser is made of a semi-rigid material.
- 55. (Cancelled)

- 56. (Currently amended) The system of claim 51, or 52, or 53 wherein the sidewall takes the shape of a cylinder or a polyhedron.
- 57. (Currently amended) The system of claim 51, or 52, or 53, wherein the inner cavity entirely confines the catheter except through the dispensing aperture.